1. Pre-Shipment Inspection (PSI) mandate

MANDATE AUTHORISED BY: Ministry of Finance

APPLICABLE REGULATION(S):

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Regulation Details</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Despacho No. 404/06 dd. 11/09/06</td>
<td>PSI companies licensing requirements</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Despacho No. 45/08 dd. 29/01/2008</td>
<td>Setting up PSI companies duties and schedule of penalties</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Official letter No. 80009/32/DTC/AV/06 dd. 23/11/06</td>
<td>Cancellation of Annex V of the Despacho No. 124/06</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Despacho No. 174/11 dd. 11/03/11</td>
<td>Approving new value of UCF</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Presidential decree No. 265/10 dd. 26/10/10</td>
<td>Approving new import / export / re-export licence approval system</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Presidential decree No. 63/13 dd. 29/05/13</td>
<td>Approving the switch from mandatory to voluntary services by modifying Articles 10, 11 and 12 of Presidential decree No. 41/06.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Presidential Legislative decree No. 10/13 dd. 22/11/2013</td>
<td>Approving new Customs tariff book based on 2012 version of the HS nomenclature</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Presidential decree No. 71/15 dd. 20/03/15</td>
<td>Approving new age limit for the importation of used heavy vehicles, in derogation of Presidential decree No. 62/14 dd. 12/03/14.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

APPOINTED PSI COMPANY (IES): BUREAU VERITAS

TYPE OF PSI SCHEMES: Voluntary for all products

Goods submitted to voluntary pre-shipment inspection and covered by a certificate issued by a PSI company, will benefit from the customs “Green channel” clearance system.

SCOPE OF DUTIES:

- Quality, Quantity
- Export market price (for foreign exchange purposes)
- Customs classification
- Value for Customs purposes (based on GATT Valuation Code)
- Assessment of Import Duty
- Sealing of containers

MINIMUM VALUE SUBJECT TO PSI: No minimum value. Import license (Documento Unico Provisorio [DUP]) is not required for pro forma invoices with value below USD 5000.

PART SHIPMENTS: Need approval from the Ministry of Commerce (MINCO). Relevant pro forma invoices or DUP will have to be stamped accordingly.
2. Pre-Shipment Inspection Order (P.I.O.) - The instruction for BIVAC to inspect

P.I.O. NAME: Pedido de Inspeção Pré-embarque (PIP)

ISSUED BY: BUREAU VERITAS Liaison Office upon Importer's application. However, the importer will have first to apply to the Ministry of Commerce to get import licence approval. If after 60 days, the importer hasn’t started his importation process yet, his import licence will be cancelled.

VALIDITY: PIP is valid 6 months not renewable taken from the pro forma invoice (PFI) endorsement date by the Ministry of Commerce (inspection and shipment of goods (B/L date) completed).

AMOUNT BY WHICH P.I.O. VALUE MAY BE EXCEEDED: + or - 5% of the CFR value /Quantity/Weight. However, Customs Authorities will accept clearing processes with discrepancies:

a) If importer accepts discrepancies, he should send BV an acceptance letter;

b) If importer doesn’t accept discrepancies, he should provide BV with a new license to transfer file.

c) If exceeding - 5%, the importer can get approval for partial shipments from the Ministry of Commerce or any of the previous options a) or b).

CHANGES FROM SEA TO AIR: To be approved by the importer

DESTINATION INSPECTION:

- Allowed by Customs upon request from the importer.

- Re-inspection upon arrival at request of Sanitary, Police, Customs authorities, where containers seals have been broken, or where goods present risk to public health, environment, national industry or to customs revenues collection. The selection will be done at random.

3. Inspection requirements/restrictions

SEALING OF F.C.L.CONTAINERS: Required. FCL/LCL containers, if consolidated goods involved one exporter/one importer will also be sealed.

SECOND-HAND GOODS: See sections 7 and 8. Used motor vehicles must comply with age requirements of Presidential decree No. 62/14 dd. 12/03/14, derogated partially by Presidential decree No. 71/15 dd. 20/03/15. No NNRF will be issued for not compliant vehicles. In case the vehicle is shipped anyway by the exporter, the vehicle will be destroyed at its arrival in Angola.

PROHIBITED IMPORTS: See section 7

RESTRICTED IMPORTS: See section 8

LABELLING REQUIREMENTS: Labelling in Portuguese of foodstuff, perfumery and cosmetics, pharmaceuticals and chemicals is mandatory. Labelling in other languages of other goods is permissible, but Portuguese remains highly recommended.

Retail packages of goods commonly traded with expiry date, must show the following information: batch number, expiry and/or manufacture date. Individual packages of foodstuff, perfumery and cosmetics, pharmaceuticals and chemicals must show the following mandatory information as set out in the annex I to IV of the Executive decree No. 124/06:
3. Inspection requirements/restrictions (cont.)

# Foodstuffs: type of product, producer's name, batch references, preservation, conditions of storage, production / validity dates, fat content, capacity, volume of alcohol etc., in conformity with the product. Labels as well as instructions for use must be written in Portuguese.

# Pharmaceuticals: name of the manufacturer, label, name of the product, basic quantity of content, batch number, origin, manufacture and validity dates, must be shown on each retail package. Instructions for use must be written in Portuguese.

# Perfumery and cosmetics: manufacturer's name, brand name, alcohol content, description, distributor and/or seller, dates etc. In case of glass or other fragile goods, the corresponding indication “Fragile”, “Glass” must be stated.

# Chemicals, including hydrocarbon, oils, lubricants, packed in bottles, cans, barrels, bags, casks or any other form of packaging: name of the product, chemical content, capacity, handling recommendations, relevant IMDG code for dangerous products, gross and net weights, importer's name and destination. Recommendations for use and protection must be written in Portuguese. The labelling requirement in Portuguese doesn't apply to oil companies which imports chemicals for their own purpose.

OTHER SPECIAL REQUIREMENTS: # Foodstuffs, pharmaceuticals, perfumes and cosmetics, and chemicals to meet the Angola's specific requirements set out in the annex I to IV of the Executive decree No. 124//06.

# Verification of the production and expiry dates, as well as the remaining storage time at the date of inspection of goods commonly traded with expiry date. The remaining shelf-life must not be less than 25% of the total shelf-life, taking into account the time of transportation, without prejudice to the requirements set out for pharmaceuticals and perfumery and cosmetics. For pharmaceuticals, perfumery and cosmetics, the remaining shelf-life must be more than 50 % of the total shelf-life of the product, with a minimum of 6 months.

# Automotive vehicles must have left-hand steering and observe the legal requirements of safety, manufacture and roadworthiness. They must enter the customs territory of Angola with their origin license plates and identification plate containing serial number (VIN plate).

For used automotive vehicles that complete 3 years (light vehicles) or 8 years (heavy vehicles) from the year of production, inspection will have to take place not later than 3 months before the age limits to allow the vehicle to be shipped and cleared from Customs in a timely manner. For instance, light vehicles manufactured in 2012, will have to be inspected up to 30-09-2015, and will have to reach Angola before 31-12-2015.

# Quantity and description of FOC goods for Customs valuation purposes
4. **Price verification/Seller’s invoice requirements**

**BUYING/CONFIRMING COMMISSIONS:** No restriction, but must be declared

**INSURANCE:** No restriction

**FINANCIAL INTEREST:** No restriction

**FINAL INVOICE TO SHOW:** 
- # FOB, freight and insurance charges (where applicable), advance payment, detailed description (including product name, trademark, model, characteristics and origin) by line item.
- # Free of charge goods for Customs valuation purposes

5. **Reporting requirements**

**FINAL DOCUMENTS REQUIRED BY BUREAU VERITAS TO ISSUE REPORT:** Final commercial invoice and transport document (AWB / Bill of Lading etc.) plus any other specific documents that may be requested from exporters: Sanitary certificate, Analysis certificate, Packing list (for consolidated goods), Certificate of origin, Free-GMO certificate for any importation of grains, seeds and flours, Roadworthiness certificate (of a validity not later than 6 months at the date of shipment) and documents proving ownership and year of production for automotive vehicles, Certificate of conformity or Test report for the batch for importation of Portland cement.

*Final documents are to be issued either in Portuguese or in English.*

**TYPE OF REPORT ISSUED:**
- Atestato De Verificação (ADV) - CRF
- Atestado de Não Conformidade (ADNV) - NNRF

**REPORT PURPOSE:**
- A label secured by a hologram is stuck on the exporter’s final invoice for payment purposes (L/C) or for his own use upon request.
- A Non Negotiable Inspection Report (Atestado de Não Conformidade) is issued to the importer if:
  (i) inspection reveals non compliance and discrepancies are not corrected, or
  (ii) complete final documentation is not delivered by the exporter after 30 days following the date of inspection.

*The ADNV can be replaced by an ADV if the exporter finally corrects the discrepancies in physical inspection and/or delivers the final documentation.*
6. Inspection fees

0.75% of the attested FOB value, with a minimum fee of UCF* 370 = 32560 Kwanza, paid by the Importer to Bureau Veritas in the country of importation for:

- Pre-shipment inspection services. Nevertheless, BUREAU VERITAS may invoice the Seller in the event of supplementary inspection visits (in vain or unsatisfactory results). The costs incurred by the Seller in presenting the goods for inspection, such as unpacking, handling, testing, sampling, repacking... are for the account of the Seller.

- Destination inspections services

100 % are payable when inspection service is requested.

* Tax unit determined by the government

7. List of prohibited goods

- Animals, products and by-products originated from the following areas affected by epizootics:
  - Meat in bone of cloven-hoofed animals (bovine animals, sheep, goats, swine, buffaloes, antelopes etc.), originated from Argentina and from Brazil
  - Live poultry and hatching eggs originated from Asian countries, due to outbreaks of highly pathogenic Avian Influenza (bird flu disease) (Press release dd. 20/10/2005);
  - Live animals, genetic material, products and by-products of animal original of sheep and goats, originated from Congo Brazzaville and Democratic Republic of Congo, due to outbreak of PPR (Peste des Petits Ruminants), known as sheep and goat plague (Despacho No. 135/11 dd. 06/05/2011).
- Meat of swine and by products of swine origin, supplied or originated from Ireland due to outbreaks of dioxin in animal feed (Letter numbered 9029/32/DTC/DNA/08 dd. 09/12/2008);
- Boldos and bananas classified under subheadings 0602.20.00 and 0803.00.00 due to recent introduction of “Raoiella indica” known as Red palm mite, reported in Asia, America and Caribbean countries (Despacho numbered 88/09 dd. 12./10/2009);
- Vegetative materials (plant parts and tissues) or palm seedling vegetables, coconut trees (palm family) and bananas (Musai family) and/or ornamental plants such as Heliconias spp., Streitizia spp. and Zingiberaceae, originated from the State of Roraima in Brazil;
- Palm trees, coconut trees, and bananas originated from Venezuela, Caribbean region, the state of Florida in the USA and Asia. (Letter numbered 325GETA/DNA/09/ dd. 16/11/09).
- Vegetative Materials (plant parts and tissues) or Banana seedling vegetables (Musai family), including fresh bananas, originated from the Republic of Congo (Brazzaville), the Democratic Republic of Congo (Kinshasa), Ethiopia, Rwanda, Uganda, Burundi and Kenya, due to outbreaks of ‘Banana Xanthomonas Wilt’, known as BXW, reported in Central and East Africa (Letter numbered 323 GETA/DNA/09 dd. 13/11/2009).
- Pasta with "Alphabet" and “Pagani” brand names, produced in Italy and classified under subheadings 1902.11.00, 1902.19.00, 1902.20.00 and 1902.30.00 (Circular letter 7847/32/DTC/DNA/09 dd.24/09/09)
- Distilled beverages containing essences or recognized harmful products as absinthe, ether derived products
- Crates containing various types of merchandise and showing a single marking, not presented with a declaration stipulating the quantity and total weight of crates/packs.
- Counterfeit coffee, with the coffee indication
- Counterfeit stamps
- Counterfeit literature and artistic work
- Medicines and other generic substances harmful to public health
- Beverage or drugs used to treat sexual dysfunction, pornographic publications and objects, where imported for commercial purposes
- Plants coming from areas affected by phylloxera or other epiphytic disease
- Food containing saccharine
7. List of prohibited goods (cont.)

- Goods with pirated copyrights and imitations marks
- Rubber-made yo-yo water ball toys
- Grains and seeds, of any variety, genetically modified or transgenic, unless otherwise destined to Food Aid programs.
- Motor vehicles with right-hand steering in pursuance of executive Decree No. 77/04 from ministry of Interior
- Motor vehicles with steering wheel changed from right to left.
- Used engines of motor vehicles of chapter 87.
- Used tires.
- Cuts of vehicles, whatever their dimensions, not identifiable as parts or accessories as per the explanatory notes of Heading 8708 and general explanatory notes of Chapter 87.
- Light automotive vehicles of more than 3 years old and heavy automotive vehicles (GVW of more than 3500 Kg) of more than 8 years old from the date of production at the date of arrival in Angola, with the exception of the following motor vehicles exempted from age requirements:

  # Motorcycles, trailers, semi-trailers, agriculture vehicles, mopeds, quad bikes and other motor vehicles not fitting the following definition of automotive vehicles as per the Highway code enforced in Angola: “Are considered automotive vehicles, 4-wheeled vehicles that are self-propelled, of a weight of more than 550kg, manufactured to have a speed of more than 25 km per hour, and designed to run on public highways but not on rails”.

  # Motor vehicles of more than 30 years from the date of production, for cultural or collection purposes

  # Inherited motor vehicles with presentation of the required supporting documents.

  # Motor vehicles imported by Angolan diplomats, students or employees working for an Angolan public or private company branch abroad (within the limit of one unit) returning to Angola after they have completed their mission abroad, with presentation of the required supporting documents.

  # Motor vehicles imported by diplomatic, consular missions and by international organisation representatives for their own needs.

- Portland cement of strength classes other than 32.5 Mpa and 42.5Mpa at 28 days as per standard EN 197 CEM I.
- Manufactured bodywork used as packaging of goods other than mineral oils.
- Foodstuffs that do not meet the requirements set out by the regulation in force or that are found to be in bad storage condition.
- Goods which by their nature, their characteristics, their purpose or their resemblance may be confused with those used by Organs for Defence, Security or Public order.
- Used batteries.
- Subversive advertising material, eg books, DVDs and CDs containing music, pictures or other information, flyers, sweatshirts, hats, scarves or other materials that incite to violence, riots, civil unrest, etc.
- Chlorofluorocarbons (CFCs) which production and use are regulated by the Montreal Protocol and legislation in force (Phase out by 2010).
8. List of restricted goods

- Instruments to distil spirits cannot be imported without authorization from the Ministry of Industry.
- Importation of denatured pure alcohol must be approved by the Ministry of Health.
- Animals and by-products cannot be imported without authorization from the veterinary entities.
- Radio, transmitters, receivers and other devices cannot be imported without authorization from the National Post Authorities.
- Weapons and ammunitions cannot be imported without authorization from the Ministry of Interior.
- Dogs must be vaccinated against rabies for less than one year.
- Cards games have to be sealed as per the related regulation enforced.
- Pharmaceuticals substances cannot be imported without authorization from the Ministry of Health.
- Fireworks and explosives cannot be imported without the authorization from the Ministry of Interior.
- Explosives intended for the mining industry.
- Unworked, polished or shaped diamonds cannot be imported without authorization from the Ministry of Geology and Mines or their representative.
- Medicines which labeling does not mention active agents cannot be imported without authorization from the Ministry of Health.
- Cigarettes paper in rolls, and other material used in cigarettes filters can be imported only by license holders.
- Plants, roots, tubercle, bulbs, germs, buds, fruits, seeds and crates/other packages containing these products, cannot be imported without a license established by the Ministry of Agriculture.
- Saccharine and derived products cannot be imported without authorization from the Ministry of Health.
- Live species of fishes for aquaculture purposes and fishes of tilapia type, cannot be imported without authorization from the Ministry of Fish.
- Stamps, fiscal or postal, can be imported exclusively by the Angola State.
- Non iodized salt can be imported with the authorization from the Ministry of Fish.
- Poisonous and toxic substance, drugs, cannot be imported without authorization from the Ministry of Agriculture, the Ministry of Industry and Ministry of Health.
- Roulette and other gambling machines prohibited by law.
- Goods without a label or making indicating the country of origin.
- Electric energy needs the authorization from the parent organization.
- Electric cables, with the authorization of the Angolan Institute for Standardization and Quality (IANORQ).
- Craft, semi-industrial or industrial fishing boats, new or used, for the transport of fishes, cannot be imported without authorization from the Ministry of Fish.
- Boats, save fishing boats, either new or used, cannot be imported without authorization from the Ministry of Transport.
- Trademarks and models of imported used motor vehicles must be approved by the Ministry of Transport.
- Importation of grains and seeds of any variety, genetically modified or transgenic, destined to Food Aid programs, must be approved in writing by the Ministry of Agriculture and Rural Development.
- Only licensed importers by the Ministry of Commerce are authorized to import Portland cement. Portland cement must be of strength classes 32.5Mpa and 42.5Mpa at 28 days as per Standard EN 197 CEM I.
- Used motor vehicles imported by International bodies must be approved by the ministry of Foreign relations.
9. Glossary of Portuguese terms

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>ENGLISH</th>
<th>PORTUGUESE</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Production Date</td>
<td>Data (de) Produção</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Validy/ Expiration Date</td>
<td>Data (de) Validade</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Batch Ref./ N.</td>
<td>Lote (N.)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Usage Instruction</td>
<td>Instruções de Uso/ Utilização</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ingredients</td>
<td>Ingredientes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Producer/ Manufactor</td>
<td>Fabricante/ Produtor</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Importer</td>
<td>Importador</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Storage</td>
<td>Condições (de) Armazenamento</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Capacity (i.e; 750ml)</td>
<td>Capacidade</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Net Weight</td>
<td>Peso Líquido</td>
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<tr>
<td>Product Description</td>
<td>Descrição Produto</td>
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<td>Fragile</td>
<td>Frágil</td>
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<td>Unidades</td>
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<td>Caixa(s)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Carton(s)</td>
<td>Caixa(s)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

10. Geographical inspection zones

Worldwide.

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